WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. A process for transalkylation of aromatics comprising contacting a feed stream comprising naphthalene and C₁₁ aromatics with a catalyst at transalkylation conditions to produce a product stream comprising C₈ aromatics, the catalyst comprising a solid-acid support material and a metal component selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, nickel, tin, lead, iridium, germanium, rhenium, or a combination thereof.
- 2. The process of claim 1 wherein the solid-acid support material is selected from the group consisting of mordenite, mazzite, zeolite beta, ZSM-11, ZSM-12, ZSM-22, ZSM-23, MFI topology zeolite, NES topology zeolite, EU-1, MAPO-36, MAPSO-31, SAPO-5, SAPO-11, SAPO-41, and silica-alumina and mixtures thereof.
- 3. The process of claim 2 wherein the solid-acid support material is selected from the group consisting of mordenite, zeolite beta, MFI topology zeolite, silica-alumina and mixtures thereof.
- 4. The process of claim 3 wherein the solid-acid support material is mordenite and the metal component is selected from the group consisting of platinum, tin, and rhenium.
 - 5. The process of claim 1 wherein the feed stream and product stream are further characterized by having an ending-boiling-point of 99.5 wt-% as determined by the D2887 simulated distillation GC method, and said product stream ending-boiling-point is less than said feed stream ending-boiling-point by at least about 5°C.
 - 6. The process of claim 5 wherein the product stream ending-boiling-point is less than the feed stream ending-boiling-point by at least about 10°C.

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- 7. The process of claim 1 wherein the feed stream naphthalene content is at least about 0.3 wt-%.
- 8. The process of claim 7 wherein the feed stream naphthalene content is at least about 0.5 wt-%.
- 9. The process of claim 7 wherein the conversion of feed stream naphthalene is at least about 80 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.

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- 10. The process of claim 1 wherein the transalkylation conditions comprise a temperature from about 200° to about 540°C, a pressure from about 100 kPa to about 6 MPa absolute, and a space velocity from about 0.1 to about 20 hr⁻¹.
- 11. The process of claim 1 wherein the catalyst further comprises an inorganic oxide binder.
- 12. A process for transalkylation of aromatics comprising contacting a feed stream comprising a substantial amount of indane and naphthalene with a catalyst at transalkylation conditions to produce a product stream comprising C₈ aromatics, the catalyst comprising an inorganic oxide binder, a solid-acid material selected from the group consisting of mordenite, mazzite, zeolite beta, ZSM-11, ZSM-12, ZSM-22, ZSM-23, MFI topology zeolite, NES topology zeolite, EU-1, MAPO-36, MAPSO-31, SAPO-5, SAPO-11, SAPO-41, and silica-alumina and mixtures thereof, and a metal component; wherein the product stream ending-boiling-point of 99.5 wt-%, as determined by the D2887 simulated distillation GC method, is less than the feed stream ending-boiling-point by at least about 5°C.

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- 13. The process of claim 12 wherein the feed stream indane content is at least about 0.3 wt-%.
- 14. The process of claim 13 wherein the feed stream indane content is at least about 0.5 wt-%.
- 15. The process of claim 12 wherein the metal component is selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, nickel, tin, lead, iridium, germanium, rhenium, or a combination thereof.
- 16. The process of claim 15 wherein the solid-acid material is mordenite and the metal component is rhenium present in an amount about 0.01 to about 2 wt-%.
- 10 17. The process of claim 12 wherein the transalkylation conditions comprise a temperature from about 200° to about 540°C, a pressure from about 100 kPa to about 6 MPa absolute, and a space velocity from about 0.1 to about 20 hr⁻¹.
 - 18. The process of claim 12 wherein the conversion of feed stream indane is at least about 50 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
- 19. The process of claim 18 wherein the conversion of feed stream indane is at least about 75 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
 - 20. The process of claim 12 wherein the conversion of feed stream naphthalene is at least about 80 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
- 21. A process for transalkylation of aromatics comprising contacting a feed stream comprising substantial amounts of indane, naphthalene, and C₁₁ aromatics with a catalyst at transalkylation conditions comprising a temperature from about 200° to about 540°C, a pressure from about 100 kPa to about 6 MPa absolute, and a space velocity from about

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- 0.1 to about 20 hr⁻¹ to produce a product stream comprising C₈ aromatics, the catalyst comprising an inorganic oxide binder, a solid-acid material selected from the group consisting of mordenite, mazzite, zeolite beta, ZSM-11, ZSM-12, ZSM-22, ZSM-23, MFI topology zeolite, NES topology zeolite, EU-1, MAPO-36, MAPSO-31, SAPO-5,
- SAPO-11, SAPO-41, and silica-alumina and mixtures thereof, and a metal component selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, nickel, tin, lead, iridium, germanium, rhenium, or a combination thereof; wherein the product stream ending-boiling-point of 99.5 wt-% as determined by the D2887 simulated distillation GC method is less than the feed stream ending-boiling-point by at least about 5°C, the conversion of feed stream naphthalene is at least about 80 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis, and the conversion of feed stream indane is at least about 50 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
 - 22. The process of claim 21 wherein the total amount of indane and naphthalene is greater than about 0.5 wt-%.
- 23. The process of claim 21 wherein the conversion of feed stream indane is at least about 75 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
- 24. The process of claim 21 wherein the feed stream further comprises methylnaphthalene, and conversion of the feed stream methylnaphthalene is at least about 50 wt-% calculated on a fresh feed basis.
- 25. The process of claim 21 wherein the product stream ending-boiling-point is less than the feed stream ending-boiling-point by at least about 10°C.

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